

Kolorarc™

Metal Halide Lamps

Tubular clear, elliptical clear and elliptical diffuse
400W

Product information

High brightness, high quality white light with good colour rendition and energy efficiency makes GE Metal Halide lamps suitable for many commercial and industrial interiors, particularly in high ceiling areas.

Applications

- Offices
- Retail warehouses
- Industrial units
- Area floodlighting
- Amenity areas
- General warehousing
- Architectural floodlighting
- Parking lots and garages

Compliance with IEC Standards

All Kolorarc™ lamps comply with IEC62035.

Basic data

	Tubular Clear			Elliptical Clear	Elliptical Diffuse			
Product Code	30052**	93029234	30704**	16871***	16872***	16875***	10837**	10834***
Product Description	KRC400/T/H/960/E40	KRC400/T/H/970/E40	KRC400/T/VBU/960/E40	KRC400/E/VBU/645/E40	KRC400/D/VBU/740/E40	KRC400/D/H/740/E40	KRC400/D/VBU/960/E40	KRC400/D/H/960/E40
Nominal Wattage [W]	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Rated Wattage [W]	380	370	370	376	375	382	370	380
Weighted Energy Consumption [kWh/1000 hrs]	418.43	405	404.76	413.23	412.21	419.74	405.66	408.00
Volts [V]	118	130	115	120	120	120	115	115
Cap	E40	E40	E40	E40	E40	E40	E40	E40
Nominal Lumen [lm]	28400	26000	27000	33500	33500	38000	25400	26800
Rated Lumen [lm]	27000	25000	25000	31810	31460	36900	23500	25500
Rated Lamp Efficacy [lm/W]	71	70	68	85	84	97	64	67
Energy Efficiency Class [EEC]	A	A	A	A	A	A+	A	B
CCT [K]	6000	7500	6000	4500	4000	4000	6000	6000
CRI [Ra]	90	92	82	65	70	70	90	90
Mercury Content [mg]	13	13.8	13	48.5	48.5	70.0	13	13
Ambient Temperature [°C]	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Life (vertical) [h]	-	-	14,000	14,000	14,000	-	14,000	-
Life (horizontal) [h]	14,000	14,000	-	-	-	14,000	-	14,000
Operating Position	HOR±45°	HOR±45°	VBU±45°	VBU±30° *	VBU±30° *	HOR±60° *	VBU±45°	HOR±45°
Minimum Starting Temperature [°C]	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20	-20

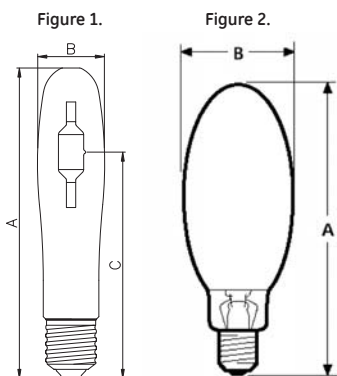
* For optimum performance ±15° is recommended

** non EU product

*** will be phased out .



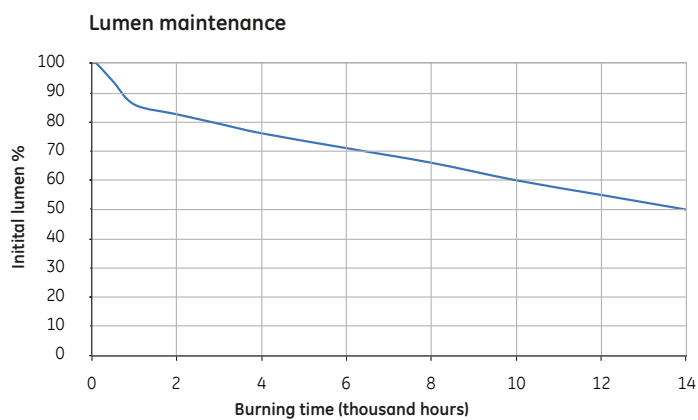
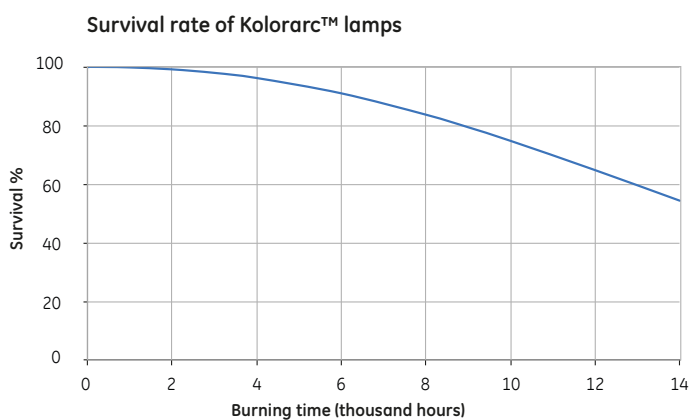
Dimensions



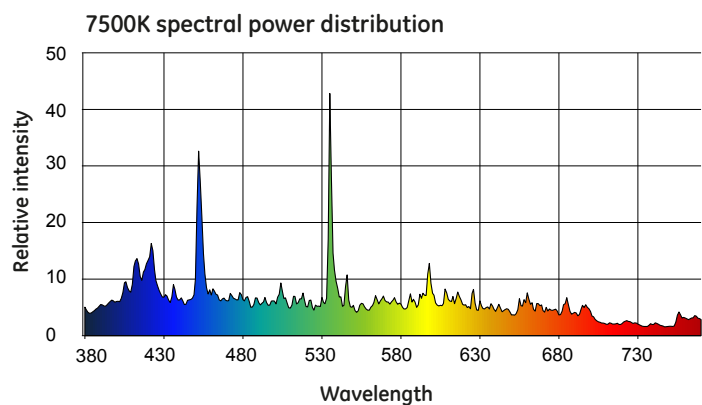
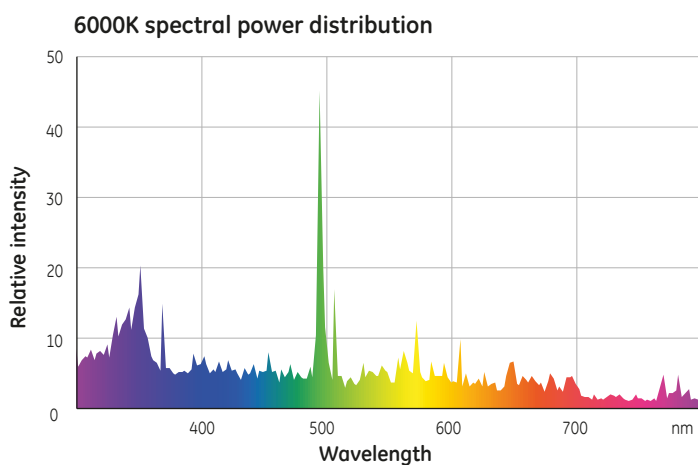
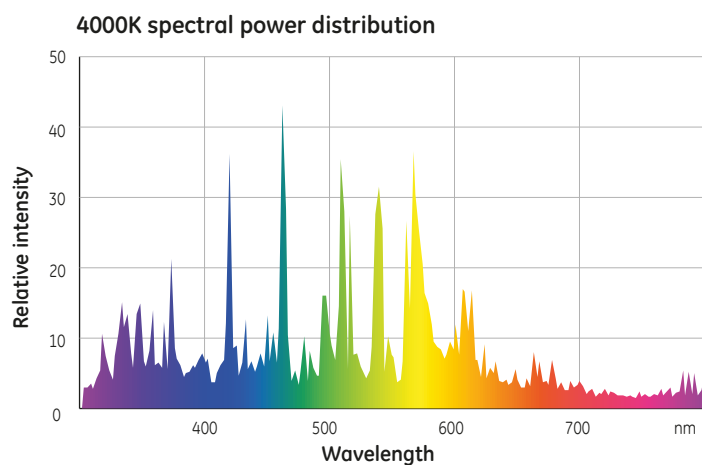
Product Code	A Length [mm]	B Diameter [mm]	C LCL [mm]	Cap	Operating Position	Bulb Glass	Mass [g]	Figure no.
30052	270	58	175	E40	HOR \pm 45°	Hard glass	170	1
93029234	270	58	175	E40	HOR \pm 45°	Hard glass	180	1
30704	270	58	175	E40	VBV \pm 45°	Hard glass	170	1
16871	286	122	187	E40	VBV \pm 30°	Hard glass	280	2
16872	286	122	187	E40	VBV \pm 30°	Hard glass	280	2
16875	286	120	187	E40	HOR \pm 60°	Hard glass	270	2
10837	282	121	187	E40	VBV \pm 45°	Hard glass	270	2
10834	282	121	187	E40	HOR \pm 45°	Hard glass	270	2

Survival rate and lumen maintenance

The graph shows the survival of representative groups of lamps operated under controlled conditions at 10 hrs start. Lamp life in service will be affected by a number of parameters, such as mains voltage deviations, switching cycle, luminaire design and control gear. The information given is intended to be a practical guide in determining lamp replacement schedules.



Spectral power distribution



Operating note

All metal halide lamps operate with a high internal pressure and there is a slight risk that lamps may shatter, particularly if run beyond rated life. At end of life a switch off should be introduced every 24 hours to reduce the risk of shattering. The lamp must be fully enclosed by a luminaire to ensure the retention of any fragments in the event of such failure.

Electrical data

Data is based on a nominal lamp operating from a nominal choke (reactor) ballast with power factor correction. Supply power will be based on the characteristics of the commercially available metal halide ballast rated 3.5A, and metal halide ignitor.

Nominal wattage	Colour	Lamp Power [W]	Volts	Current [A]	Maximum Current Crest Factor
400	960	380	118±12	3.5	1.8
400	970	370	130±15	3.3	1.8
400	645	380	120±15	3.5	1.8
400	740	380	120±15	3.5	1.8

Run-up characteristics

Time for the light output to reach 90% of the final value is determined by supply voltage and ballast design. Typical value is three minutes.

Hot re-strike time

All ratings re-strike within 10 minutes following a short interruption in the supply. Hot re-strike may be achieved using a suitable ignitor. Actual re-strike time is determined by ignitor type, pulse voltage and cooling rate of the lamp.

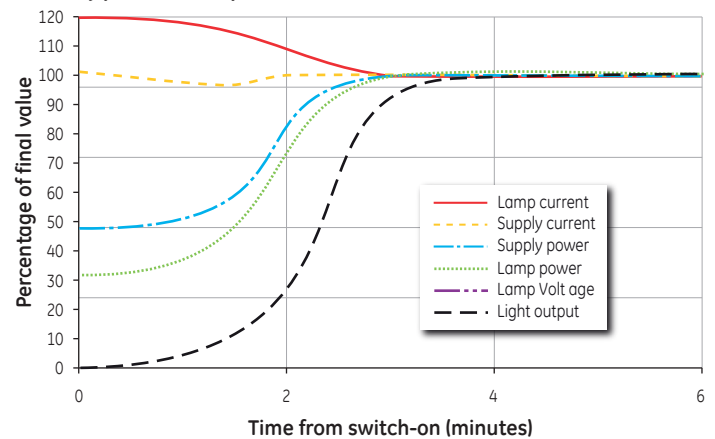
Supply voltage

Lamps are suitable for supplies in the range 220V to 250V 50/60Hz for appropriately rated series choke (reactor) ballasts. Supplies outside this range require a transformer (conventional, high reactance or CWA) to ensure correct lamp operation. Lamps start and operate at 10% below the rated supply voltage when the correct control gear is used. However, in order to maximise lamp survival, lumen maintenance and colour uniformity the supply voltage and ballast design voltage should be within ± 3%. Supply variations of ± 5% are permissible for short periods only. This may be achieved by measuring mean supply voltage at the installation and selecting ballasts with appropriate settings.

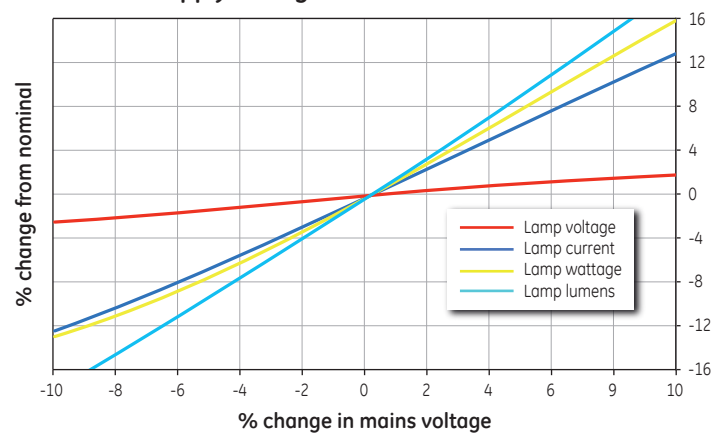
Control gear

It is therefore important to check the compatibility of lamp and control gear. Detailed information is given under "Guidance for Luminaire Manufacturers" overleaf. It is essential to use a ballast appropriate to the supply voltage at the luminaire. Typical wiring diagrams for control circuits incorporating "Superimposed" or "Impulser" ignitor and choke (reactor) ballast are shown. Refer to actual choke and ignitor manufacturers data for terminal identification and wiring information.

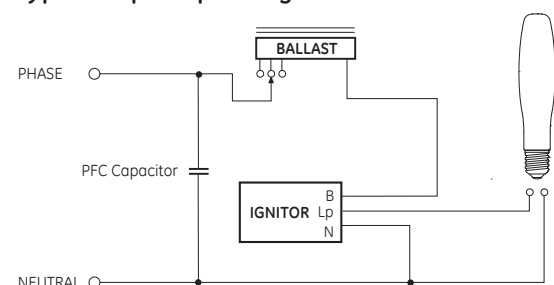
Typical run-up characteristics



Effect of supply voltage variation



Typical superimposed ignitor circuit



Fusing of circuits

For a very short period after switch-on, all discharge lamps may act as a partial rectifier and as a result the ballast may allow several times the normal supply current to flow. To avoid nuisance fuse failure the ratings shown below should be used. Single fusing is recommended; MCB (type 3 or 4) or HBC fuse ratings.

Guidance for luminaire manufacturers

Lamp operating temperature limits

Wattage	Maximum Cap Temperature [°C]	Maximum Bulb Temperature [°C]
400	250	400

Control gear

To achieve correct lamp starting, performance and life it is important that lamp and control gear are compatible and suitable rated for the supply voltage at the luminaire.

Ballasts

Lamps are fully compatible with ballasts manufactured for metal halide lamps to IEC61167. Ballasts should comply with specifications IEC61347-1.

Ballast thermal protection

Use of ballasts incorporating thermal cut-out is not a specific requirement but is a good optional safety measure for the installation.

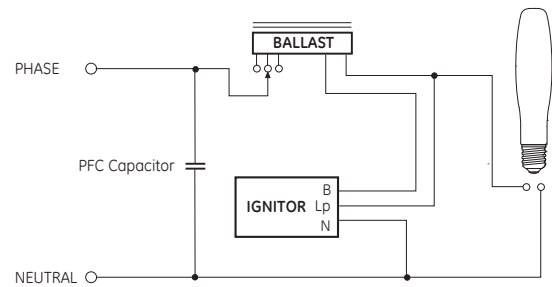
Ballast voltage adjustment

Series choke (reactor) ballasts incorporating additional tapings at $\pm 10V$ of the rated supply voltage are recommended. Alternatively a single additional tapping 10V above the rated supply voltage will ensure lamps are not overloaded due to excessive supply voltage.

Ignitors

Both Superimposed and Impulser type ignitors are suitable. It is recommended that only GE approved ignitors are used. Ignitors should comply with specifications IEC61347-2 and IEC60927 and have starting pulse characteristics.

Typical impulser ignitor circuit



Timed ignitors

Use of a "timed" or "cut-out" ignitor is not a specific requirement, but it is a good optional safety feature for the installation. The timed period must be adequate to allow lamps to cool and restart when the supply is interrupted briefly (see "Hot re-strike time"). A period of 5 minutes continuous or intermittent operation is recommended before the ignitor is automatically switched off. Commercially available 10/11 minute timed ignitors are suitable.

Cable between ignitor and lamp

Cable connected between the lamp and a superimposed ignitor "Lp" terminal, or the ballast when using an impulser ignitor, must be rated at a minimum 50/60Hz voltage of 1000V. Mineral insulated cable is not suitable for connecting the lamp to the control gear.

To achieve good starting superimposed ignitors must be adjacent to the luminaire. Cable capacitance of wiring between the ignitor "Lp" terminal and the lamp should not exceed 100pF (<1 metre length) when measured to adjacent earthed metal and/or other cables, unless otherwise stated by the ignitor manufacturer.

When using impulser type ignitors longer cable lengths between ballast and lamp are normally permissible. Limits for particular ignitors are available on request from GE Lighting or directly from the ignitor manufacturer.

PFC capacitors for choke (reactor) circuits

Power Factor Correction is advisable in order to minimise supply current and electricity costs. For 220-250V supplies min. 250V rated capacitors are recommended.